

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

## Overview of Community Corrections

Community Corrections is responsible for the supervision of over 153,000 offenders under community supervision annually. Comprehensive community supervision comprises a multitude of human resources, programs, automation and communication systems and specialized supervision approaches. The following is a brief overview of the types of supervision and programs that make up this area of the Florida Department of Corrections.

### Original Sentence

#### Probation

Probation is a court-ordered term of community supervision under specified conditions for a specific period of time that cannot exceed the maximum sentence for the offense. The probationer is required to abide by all conditions ordered by the court. Violation of these conditions may result in revocation by the Court and imposition of any sentence, which it might have imposed when originally placing the offender on probation. The probationer is generally required to pay the cost of supervision to the state of Florida, and may have additional conditions requiring payment of restitution, court costs and fines, public service and various types of treatment.

The probationer is usually required to visit his supervising officer in the local office at least once a month and depending on the probationer's status, the officer may visit the offender at his/her home and/or place of employment.

#### Administrative Probation

Administrative Probation is a form of non-contact supervision in which an offender who represents a low risk of harm to the community may, upon satisfactory completion of half the term of regular probation, be placed on non-reporting status until expiration of the term of supervision. The department is authorized to collect an initial processing fee of up to \$50 for the offender reduced to administrative probation. Periodic record checks are completed to ensure the offender has not violated the law.

#### Drug Offender Probation

Drug Offender Probation is an intensive form of supervision, which emphasizes treatment of drug offenders in accordance with individualized treatment plans. The program includes elements of surveillance and random drug testing. Contacts are made by correctional probation senior officers to ensure offenders remain drug free. The sentencing court reviews the offender's progress on a regular basis.

#### Sex Offender Probation

Sex Offender Probation is designated for offenders placed on probation whose crimes were committed on or after October 1, 1995, and who are placed under supervision for violation of chapter 794,

s. 800.04, s. 826.071, or s. 847.0145. Per Florida Statute, the court must impose specific special conditions, as set forth in s. 948.03(5)(b), in addition to all other standard and special conditions imposed. Sex Offender Probation is designed to enhance the protection of the community and to require treatment/counseling for the offender. The offender is also required to submit two specimens of blood to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to be registered with the DNA data bank.

#### Community Control

Community control is a form of intensive supervised house arrest in the community, including surveillance on weekends and holidays, administered by officers with limited caseloads. It is an individualized program in which the freedom of the offender is restricted within the community, home or non-institutional residential placement, and specified sanctions are imposed and enforced. As with probation, violation of any community control condition may result in revocation by the court and imposition of any sentence, which it might have imposed before placing the offender on community control supervision. Many of the offenders who are placed on community control are prison diversions.

**Offenders Tracked by Electronic Monitoring June 2002**

Supervision Type / Device Type	Sex Offenders	Others	Total
<b>Radio Frequency</b>			
Probation	18	11	29
Community Control	26	202	228
Post Prison	2	20	22
Subtotal	46	233	279
<b>Global Positioning Satellite System</b>			
Probation	49	25	74
Community Control	136	244	380
Post Prison	39	66	105
Subtotal	224	335	559
<b>Total</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>838</b>



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

## Community Control II (Electronic Monitoring)

The use of electronic monitoring as an enhancement to community control continues to receive judicial approval. Radio frequency (RF) electronic monitoring is utilized in all 20 judicial circuits. This system electronically tethers offenders to their homes during specified periods of the day or night, with violations noted and investigated. This system, however, is unable to determine offenders' whereabouts during approved absences from their residences. Global Positioning Satellite (GPS) system electronic monitoring, presently in use in 18 judicial circuits, continuously tracks offender movements at home and in the community with uniquely defined inclusion and exclusion zones for each offender. Violations of this monitoring system are immediately sent to an on-call officer in the circuit for resolution. Additionally, the agency is pilot testing a system lower in cost than active GPS, but with a higher degree of accountability than traditional RF. The system is "passive" GPS, where the offender is tracked 24 hours a day, but this information is reported only once a day instead of continuously. This additional tool for offender supervision combines fiscal prudence with our commitment to public safety.

## Community Control-Sex Offender

Sex Offender Community Control is designated for offenders placed on probation whose crimes were committed on or after October 1, 1997, and who are placed under supervision for violation of chapter 794 or s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145. Per Florida Statute, the Court must impose specific special conditions, as set forth in s. 948.03(5)(b) in addition to all other standard and special conditions imposed. Sex Offender Community Control is designed to enhance the protection of the community and to require treatment/counseling for the offender. The offender is also required to submit two specimens of blood to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to be registered with the DNA data bank.

## Pretrial Intervention (PTI)

Any individual who is charged with any non-violent third degree felony is eligible for the pretrial intervention program. Approval of the administrator and the consent of the victim, the state attorney, and the judge hearing the case are required in order to formally accept the offender into the program. If the offender completes the conditions of the program, which could include restitution to the victim, counseling and/or community service, then the State Attorney's Office will not prosecute the case. Since the statute has been changed to allow any non-violent third degree felony as criteria for entrance into the program, PTI caseloads have steadily increased, as has the risk level of these offenders.

## Pretrial Intervention - Drug Offender

Any person charged with a felony of the second or third degree for purchase or possession of a controlled substance under chapter 893, and who has not previously been convicted of a felony, nor been admitted to a pretrial program, is eligible for admission into a pretrial substance abuse education and treatment intervention program approved by the chief judge of the circuit, for a period of not

less than one year. At the end of the pretrial intervention period, the court shall make a decision as to the disposition of the pending charges. The court shall determine, by written finding, whether the defendant has successfully completed the pretrial intervention program. Failure to successfully complete the program shall result in the continued prosecution of the case by the State Attorney's Office.

## Post-Prison Release

### Parole

Parole is a post-prison supervision program where eligible inmates have the terms and conditions of parole set by the Florida Parole Commission. The period of parole cannot exceed the balance of the offender's original sentence. Under parole, the offender is to be supervised in the community under specific conditions. Parole supervision is provided by the Florida Department of Corrections. Although Florida no longer has parole except for those offenders sentenced for offenses committed prior to October 1, 1983, caseloads have increased. These increases are attributed to other state cases, which have transferred supervision to Florida. There are currently 2,155 parolees in Florida (763 Florida cases and 1,392 other state cases.) On June 30, 2002 there were 5,306 inmates in the Department of Corrections' custody who were parole eligible.

### Conditional Release

An inmate sentenced to murder/manslaughter, sexual offenses, robbery or other violent personal crimes, and who has a previous commitment to a state or federal institution or has been convicted as a Habitual Offender or Sexual Predator, meets the criteria for conditional release. Upon reaching the release date with accrued gaintime, an inmate is placed on conditional release to serve up to the remainder of the length of sentence. A conditional release eligible inmate often accrues less gaintime than other inmates due to the nature of the offense. Conditional release is not technically an early release mechanism as it merely provides for post-release supervision for those considered serious offenders for up to the amount of gaintime accrued.

### Other Post-Prison Releases

Other types of post-prison release supervision include control release, administrative control release, provisional release, supervised community release, conditional pardons, county work release, and addiction recovery supervision. These types are not used as often, in part, because of adequate numbers of prison beds.

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Community Supervision Admissions on the Rise

Supervision admissions refer to the number of offenders beginning a new period of community supervision by the Department of Corrections. This may be a result of either a new offense or a revocation of a previous supervision period. It does not include offenders already on supervision who receive an additional sentence for a different offense than the one that initially placed them on supervision.

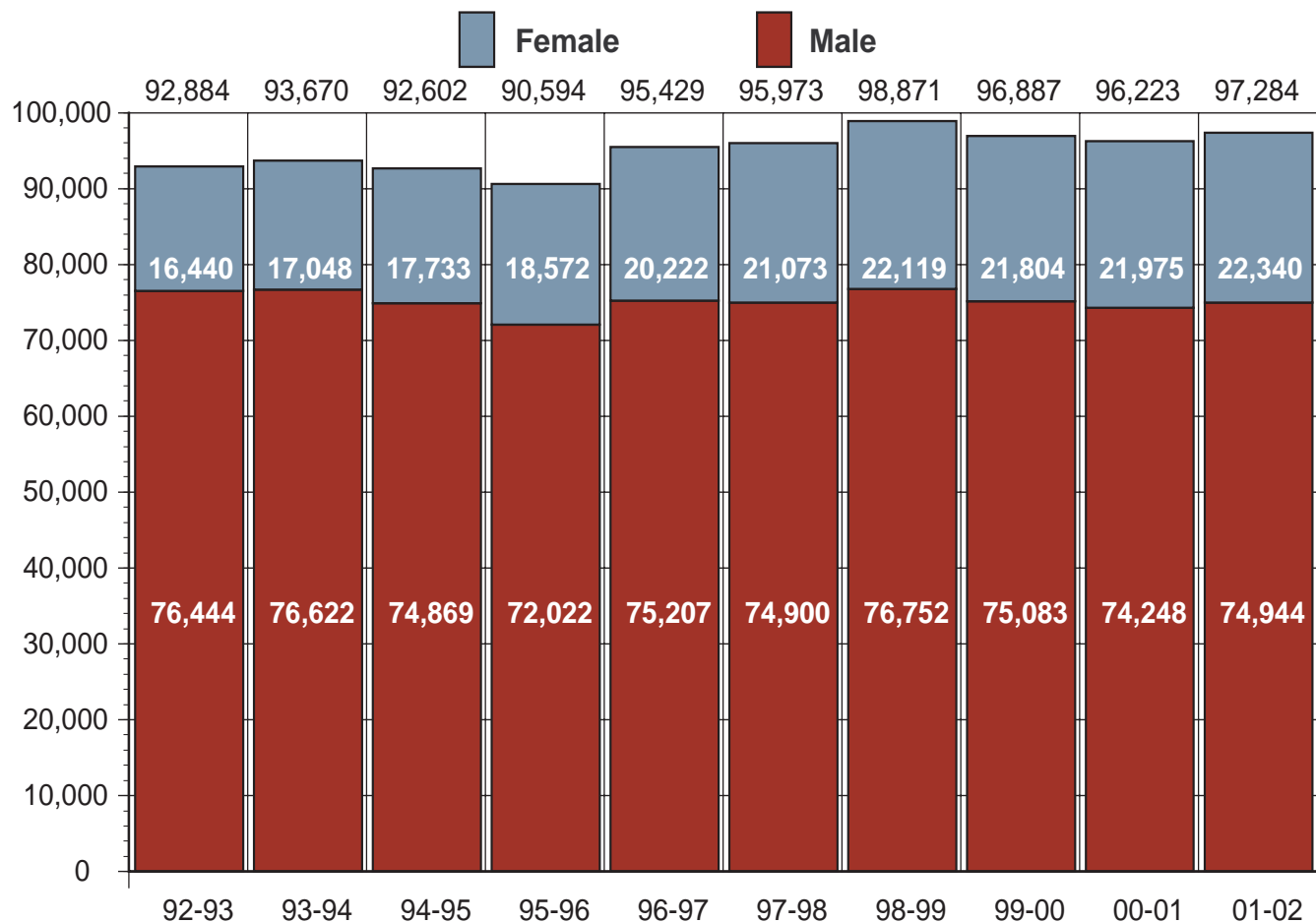
Supervision sentences include:

- an original sentence by the court to probation, community control or a pretrial intervention program, or

- the supervision portion of a "split" sentence – prison followed by community control or probation, or
- assignment to supervision as a condition of prison release, or
- offenders from other states that Florida supervises through Interstate Compact agreements.

In this report, fiscal years run from July 1 to June 30. The following tables and charts describe offenders admitted to supervision from July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002. Other years are sometimes featured to illustrate trends. For example, as the table below illustrates, community supervision admissions declined in FY 1999-00 and again in FY 2000-01, but increased in FY 2001-02.

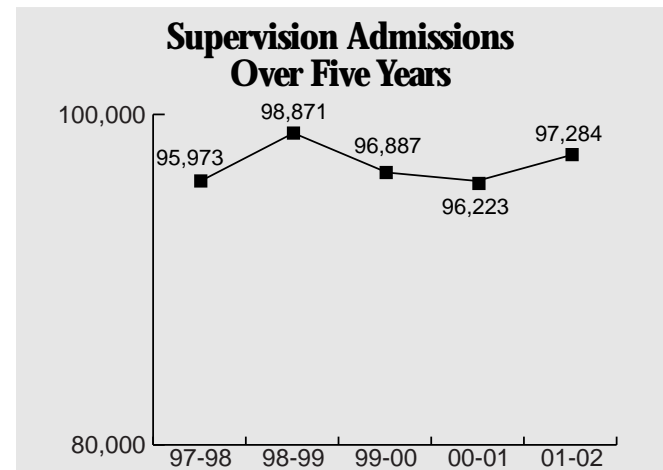
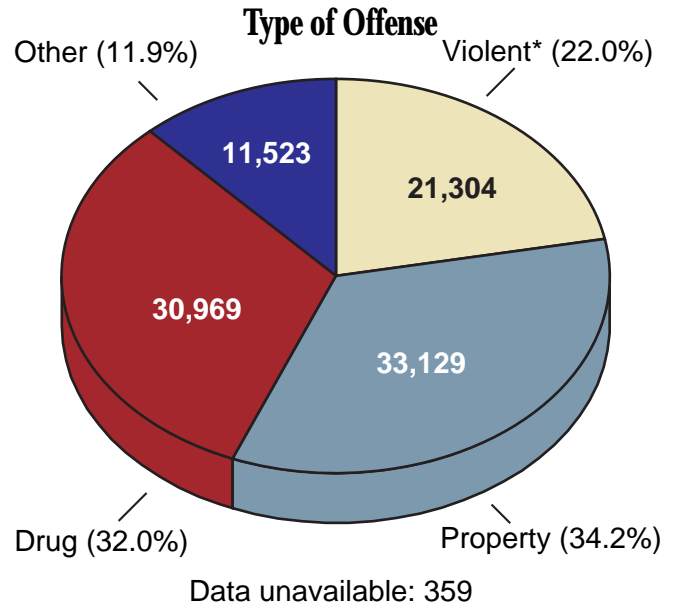
**Supervision Admissions  
FY 1992-93 to FY 2001-02**



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Community Supervision Admissions in FY 2001-02

TOTAL ADMISSIONS	97,284	100.0%
<b>Gender</b>		
Male	74,944	77.0%
Female	22,340	23.0%
<b>Race</b>		
White	58,533	60.2%
Black	35,511	36.5%
Other	3,217	3.3%
Data Unavailable	23	
<b>Age when admitted</b>		
17 & Under	810	0.8%
18-24	31,743	32.6%
25-34	28,514	29.3%
35-49	30,556	31.4%
50-59	4,376	4.5%
60+	1,275	1.3%
Data Unavailable	10	
<b>Prior Supervision Commitments</b>		
0	53,992	55.5%
1	20,932	21.5%
2	10,093	10.4%
3	5,444	5.6%
4+	6,823	7.0%



\* One of the following conditions must occur for a crime to be defined as violent under this definition: actual physical harm or threat of physical harm, or a reasonable probability existed that individual criminal acts could have resulted in unintended physical harm or the threat of physical harm.

Type of Offense	Number	Percent	Average Sentence Length In Years *	Average Age at Offense
Murder, Manslaughter	607	0.6%	7.5 Years	29.3
Sexual Offenses	2,310	2.4%	6.0 Years	31.2
Robbery	2,707	2.8%	3.5 Years	25.0
Violent Personal Offenses	14,774	15.2%	2.4 Years	31.5
Burglary	9,122	9.4%	2.6 Years	26.1
Theft/Forgery/Fraud	24,434	25.2%	2.3 Years	29.8
Drug Offenses	30,969	32.0%	2.1 Years	30.6
Weapons	1,980	2.0%	2.1 Years	31.0
Other	10,022	10.3%	2.0 Years	33.0

Data Unavailable: 359 \* Sentence lengths of 50 years or longer and life are coded as 50 years for calculations of averages.

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## More than Half of those on Community Supervision Admitted to Felony Probation

■ The majority of offenders serving an original sentence were admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 for felony probation (56,303 or 61.2%), community control, with or without electronic monitoring, (12,535 or 13.6%) and pretrial intervention (8,915 or 9.7%).

■ Post-prison release supervision accounted for only about 5.4% (5,259) of the new admissions to supervision in FY 2001-02, with the majority of those being offenders on conditional release (4,452 or 4.6%).

### Supervision Admissions by Month for FY 2001-02

Category	7/01	8/01	9/01	10/01	11/01	12/01	1/02	2/02	3/02	4/02	5/02	6/02	Total	Percent
<b>ORIGINAL SENTENCE</b>														
Felony Probation	4,558	5,252	4,162	5,265	4,853	3,887	5,014	4,617	4,540	4,864	4,913	4,378	56,303	57.9%
Misdemeanor Probation	157	208	145	183	156	103	205	189	232	196	214	158	2,146	2.2%
Administrative Probation	38	42	34	59	41	34	31	42	26	31	36	27	441	0.5%
Sex Offender Probation	65	65	53	65	73	66	68	74	73	76	64	74	816	0.8%
<b>PROBATION TOTAL</b>	<b>4,818</b>	<b>5,567</b>	<b>4,394</b>	<b>5,572</b>	<b>5,123</b>	<b>4,090</b>	<b>5,318</b>	<b>4,922</b>	<b>4,871</b>	<b>5,167</b>	<b>5,227</b>	<b>4,637</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>61.4%</b>
<b>DRUG OFFENDER PROBATION</b>														
Community Control	991	1,199	949	1,196	1,109	809	1,086	995	910	1,112	1,077	984	12,417	12.8%
Community Control - Sex Offender	15	11	15	9	6	7	8	17	11	8	7	4	118	0.1%
<b>COMMUNITY CONTROL TOTAL</b>	<b>1,006</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>1,205</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>1,094</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,084</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>12.9%</b>
Pretrial Intervention	510	485	491	538	387	336	531	558	546	548	528	482	5,940	6.1%
Pretrial Intervention - Drug Court	285	324	194	238	278	189	248	214	233	250	269	253	2,975	3.1%
<b>PRETRIAL INTERVENTION TOTAL</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>776</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>9.2%</b>
<b>ORIGINAL SENTENCE TOTAL</b>	<b>7,437</b>	<b>8,462</b>	<b>6,757</b>	<b>8,529</b>	<b>7,812</b>	<b>6,046</b>	<b>8,162</b>	<b>7,632</b>	<b>7,498</b>	<b>8,204</b>	<b>8,135</b>	<b>7,351</b>	<b>92,025</b>	<b>94.6%</b>
<b>POST-PRISON RELEASE</b>														
Florida Parole	4	3	4	8	3	0	9	4	5	10	4	7	61	0.1%
Other State Parole	66	51	41	63	41	53	53	39	54	61	46	45	613	0.6%
<b>PAROLE TOTAL</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>0.7%</b>
<b>CONDITIONAL RELEASE</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>4.6%</b>
<b>CONDITIONAL MEDICAL RELEASE</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0.0%</b>
<b>OTHER POST-PRISON RELEASE</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>0.1%</b>
<b>POST-PRISON RELEASE TOTAL</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>5,259</b>	<b>5.4%</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>7,927</b>	<b>8,930</b>	<b>7,219</b>	<b>8,987</b>	<b>8,202</b>	<b>6,477</b>	<b>8,597</b>	<b>8,005</b>	<b>7,941</b>	<b>8,652</b>	<b>8,567</b>	<b>7,780</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

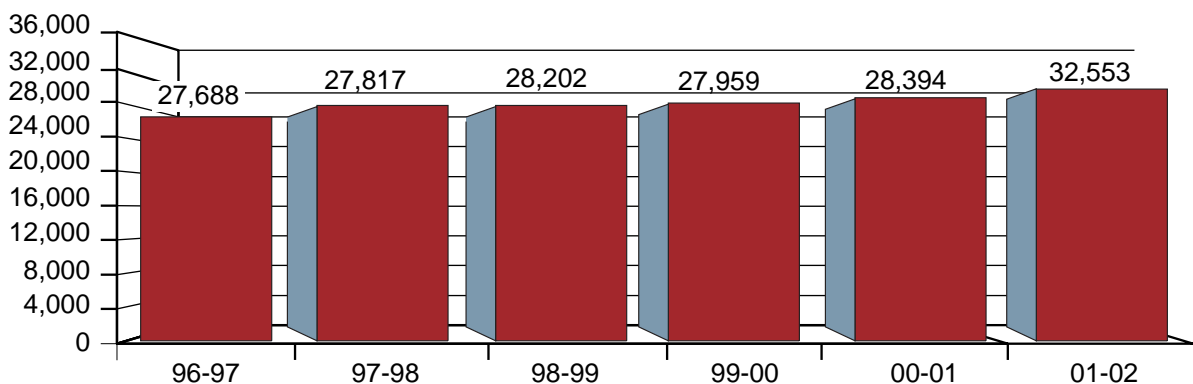
## Race/Gender (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release		
White Male	28,450	4,671	5,714	4,244	343	1,408	54	44,884	46.1%
White Female	7,915	1,750	1,600	2,290	37	56	1	13,649	14.0%
Black Male	15,757	3,505	3,884	1,164	209	2,750	68	27,337	28.1%
Black Female	5,332	720	1,026	933	18	140	5	8,174	8.4%
Other Male	1,889	189	285	187	59	90	4	2,703	2.8%
Other Female	347	34	26	90	8	8	1	514	0.5%
Data Unavailable	16	0	0	7	0	0	0	23	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Over one-third Offenders Admitted to Community Supervision in FY 2001-02 Were Considered Youthful Offenders (Under 24)

Offenders on community supervision are generally considered Youthful Offenders (YO's) if they are under the age of 24. Youthful Offenders are often assigned to Correctional Probation Senior Officers (CPSO's) because supervising YO's is generally more difficult than supervising older offenders and requires more experience on the part of CPSOs to address the broader range of problems that YO's present. For example, YO's are often lacking in job skills and have more education and substance abuse problems than other offenders, requiring more contact by CPSO's with school officials, counselors, and family members than the average offender. Over one-third of those admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 were under the age of 24.

### Admissions of Offenders Under Age 24 FY 1996-97 to FY 2001-02



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Average Age of Offenders Admitted to Community Supervision is 32.1

- About 10% of offenders admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 were 17 years old or younger and over 33% were less than 24 years old.
- Pretrial intervention cases have the lowest average age, while post-prison release cases have the highest average age.
- Those sentenced for robbery or burglary offenses have the youngest average age.
- Over the last seven years, the average age of community supervision offenders has changed very little (31.0 in FY 1995-96 to 32.1 in FY 2001-02).
- In the last seven years, the average age of both women and men admitted to community supervision has increased by about one year, from 31.5 to 32.0 for men and 31.0 to 32.0 for women.

### Age at Admission (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release			
16 and Below	139	12	51	10	0	0	0	212	0.2%	0.2%
17	394	54	131	19	0	0	0	598	0.6%	0.8%
18	2,403	301	374	626	1	0	0	3,705	3.8%	4.6%
19	3,490	507	707	874	5	5	0	5,588	5.7%	10.4%
20	3,455	542	745	678	9	8	0	5,437	5.6%	16.0%
21	3,162	533	730	569	14	21	0	5,029	5.2%	21.1%
22	2,776	484	641	444	12	32	0	4,389	4.5%	25.7%
23	2,513	432	600	374	19	40	3	3,981	4.1%	29.7%
24	2,273	434	504	331	9	60	3	3,614	3.7%	33.5%
25 to 29	9,320	1,578	1,991	1,213	100	532	27	14,761	15.2%	48.6%
30 to 34	8,317	1,565	1,765	1,038	113	927	28	13,753	14.1%	62.8%
35 to 39	7,755	1,672	1,682	986	122	1,062	23	13,302	13.7%	76.4%
40 to 44	6,273	1,441	1,333	797	96	923	25	10,888	11.2%	87.6%
45 to 49	3,781	819	699	469	80	507	11	6,366	6.5%	94.2%
50 to 54	1,902	324	320	258	37	216	7	3,064	3.1%	97.3%
55 to 59	868	108	119	118	29	67	3	1,312	1.3%	98.7%
60 to 64	475	44	80	57	11	30	1	698	0.7%	99.4%
65 to 69	207	16	32	29	9	15	1	309	0.3%	99.7%
70 and Over	198	3	31	20	8	7	1	268	0.3%	100.0%
Data Unavailable	5	0	0	5	0	0	0	10		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
AVERAGE	31.9	32.6	31.4	30.2	38.4	38.2	37.3	32.1		
MEDIAN	30.0	31.6	29.5	27.0	37.3	37.9	35.9	30.5		
MODE	25-29	35-39	25-29	25-29	35-39	35-39	30-34	25-29		

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

This table represents the 67 counties in Florida, along with “other state” cases accepted under the Interstate Compact Agreement. The county of conviction for the primary offense, shown here, may not be the same as the county where the offender is ultimately supervised.

## County of Conviction (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

County	Total	Percent	County	Total	Percent
Alachua	1,836	1.9%	Leon	2,315	2.4%
Baker	118	0.1%	Levy	225	0.2%
Bay	1,697	1.8%	Liberty	50	0.1%
Bradford	203	0.2%	Madison	104	0.1%
Brevard	2,699	2.8%	Manatee	1,198	1.2%
Broward	9,951	10.3%	Marion	2,183	2.3%
Calhoun	118	0.1%	Martin	902	0.9%
Charlotte	612	0.6%	Miami-Dade	8,952	9.2%
Citrus	508	0.5%	Monroe	964	1.0%
Clay	629	0.6%	Nassau	256	0.3%
Collier	1,261	1.3%	Okaloosa	1,383	1.4%
Columbia	514	0.5%	Okeechobee	204	0.2%
DeSoto	166	0.2%	Orange	5,443	5.6%
Dixie	94	0.1%	Osceola	1,283	1.3%
Duval	3,104	3.2%	Palm Beach	4,172	4.3%
Escambia	2,563	2.6%	Pasco	1,676	1.7%
Flagler	210	0.2%	Pinellas	6,126	6.3%
Franklin	89	0.1%	Polk	4,224	4.4%
Gadsden	489	0.5%	Putnam	358	0.4%
Gilchrist	44	0.0%	St. Johns	826	0.9%
Glades	53	0.1%	St. Lucie	1,111	1.1%
Gulf	98	0.1%	Santa Rosa	505	0.5%
Hamilton	77	0.1%	Sarasota	1,434	1.5%
Hardee	133	0.1%	Seminole	1,782	1.8%
Hendry	230	0.2%	Sumter	235	0.2%
Hernando	802	0.8%	Suwanee	211	0.2%
Highlands	503	0.5%	Taylor	219	0.2%
Hillsborough	9,402	9.7%	Union	63	0.1%
Holmes	226	0.2%	Volusia	2,816	2.9%
Indian River	522	0.5%	Wakulla	148	0.2%
Jackson	327	0.3%	Walton	344	0.4%
Jefferson	147	0.2%	Washington	159	0.2%
Lafayette	40	0.0%	Other State	2,758	2.8%
Lake	1,131	1.2%	Data Unavailable	347	
Lee	1,712	1.8%	<b>Total</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

Felony cases are processed through judicial circuits. A circuit can consist of one large county (Circuit 11: Miami-Dade) or several smaller counties (Circuit 3: Columbia, Dixie, Hamilton, Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee and Taylor counties). This table shows the circuit in which the offenders were sentenced for their most serious offense.

## Circuit of Conviction (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Circuit	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release	Total	Percent
1 PENSACOLA	3,566	7	854	340	35	200	6	5,008	5.1%
2 TALLAHASSEE	2,264	281	438	97	17	134	3	3,234	3.3%
3 LAKE CITY	875	165	168	26	11	50	1	1,296	1.3%
4 JACKSONVILLE	2,234	252	463	944	68	338	5	4,304	4.4%
5 TAVARES	2,635	1,081	580	535	46	146	4	5,027	5.2%
6 CLEARWATER	4,801	1,382	536	902	28	350	9	8,008	8.2%
7 DAYTONA BEACH	2,440	572	692	437	45	196	6	4,388	4.5%
8 GAINESVILLE	1,166	655	296	324	8	109	1	2,559	2.6%
9 ORLANDO	4,794	743	772	302	43	262	10	6,926	7.1%
10 BARTOW	3,276	482	815	218	20	164	6	4,981	5.1%
11 MIAMI	6,769	270	1,169	185	73	713	28	9,207	9.5%
12- SARASOTA	1,953	100	461	279	17	118	2	2,930	3.0%
13 TAMPA	4,246	1,852	1,947	1,008	31	458	16	9,558	9.8%
14 PANAMA CITY	1,676	67	629	273	19	119	1	2,784	2.9%
15 WEST PALM BEACH	2,612	512	214	800	39	170	7	4,354	4.5%
16 KEY WEST	667	136	86	51	6	20	0	966	1.0%
17 FT. LAUDERDALE	6,262	1,201	918	1,133	82	537	8	10,141	10.4%
18 SANFORD	3,127	218	601	539	19	106	9	4,619	4.7%
19 FT. PIERCE	1,755	479	300	193	24	95	3	2,849	2.9%
20 FT MYERS	2,588	414	596	329	32	112	3	4,074	4.2%
SUPERVISED BY INTERSTATE COMPACT	0	0	0	0	11	55	5	71	0.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

Felony class for the primary offense is the same even when offenders were convicted of attempts, which explains why some capital and life felony cases are on supervision rather than in prison. Others are offenders who served prison sentences followed by a period of supervision such as parole or conditional release.

## Felony Classification (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release		
Capital Felony	31	1	7	0	11	1	0	51	0.1%
Life Felony	178	5	38	0	21	98	22	362	0.4%
First Degree/Life	388	12	138	0	17	115	4	674	0.7%
First Degree	2,054	218	673	58	97	630	28	3,758	3.9%
Second Degree	9,606	1,748	2,953	210	165	2,311	52	17,045	17.6%
Third Degree	42,753	8,652	8,618	8,547	302	1,296	25	70,193	72.6%
Redefined Misdemeanor	1,740	38	11	9	0	0	0	1,798	1.9%
Misdemeanor	2,550	142	26	44	4	0	0	2,766	2.9%
Data Unavailable	406	53	71	47	57	1	2	637	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Most Offenders on Community Supervision Serving for Drug or Property Crimes

The primary offense is the most serious crime for which the offender was admitted to supervision, based on the statutory degree of the crime. Offenders may also be serving sentences concurrently (at the same time) for other offenses. The offender may have been convicted as an accessory, or for conspiracy or an attempt, rather than as a principal for this offense.

- The largest category of offenders were admitted for property offenses (34.2%).
- The largest single offense type for which the most offenders were admitted to supervision in FY 2001-02 is drug possession (20,838 or 21.5%).
- Property crimes such as burglary, theft, forgery and fraud accounted for over one-third of all supervision admissions.
- Murder/manslaughter, sex offenses, robbery and other violent personal offenses accounted for less than a quarter of all supervision admissions (21.0%).
- The "other" category includes DUI without injury, traffic and other non-violent offenses, and constitutes only 10.3% of all supervision offenders in FY 2001-02.



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Primary Offenses (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release		
<b>MURDER, MANSLAUGHTER</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>0.6%</b>
1st Degree Murder	60	1	14	0	14	25	3	117	0.1%
2nd Degree Murder	86	1	29	0	22	60	15	213	0.2%
3rd Degree Murder	10	2	0	0	3	7	0	22	0.0%
Homicide, Other	10	0	1	0	1	1	0	13	0.0%
Manslaughter	97	2	18	0	14	31	4	166	0.2%
DUI Manslaughter	49	1	17	0	1	7	1	76	0.1%
<b>SEXUAL OFFENSES</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
Capital Sexual Battery	170	1	19	0	7	35	0	232	0.2%
Life Sexual Battery	43	1	11	0	5	26	0	86	0.1%
1st Degree Sexual Battery	89	1	16	0	3	38	0	147	0.2%
2nd Degree Sexual Battery	150	3	64	0	7	35	0	259	0.3%
Sexual Assault, Other	13	1	2	0	1	1	0	18	0.0%
Lewd, Lascivious Behavior	1,020	2	328	6	8	203	1	1,568	1.6%
<b>ROBBERY</b>	<b>1,294</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>808</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2,707</b>	<b>2.8%</b>
Robbery with Weapon	520	23	192	2	67	351	11	1,166	1.1%
Robbery without Weapon	744	45	212	3	24	453	7	1,488	1.5%
Home Invasion, Robbery	30	1	16	0	2	4	0	53	0.1%
<b>VIOLENT PERSONAL OFFENSES</b>	<b>10,576</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>1,843</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>1,076</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14,774</b>	<b>15.2%</b>
Home Invasion, Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Carjacking	56	1	34	0	2	33	0	126	0.1%
Aggravated Assault	1,563	71	286	92	18	179	1	2,210	2.3%
Aggravated Battery	1,424	52	373	33	8	352	5	2,247	2.3%
Assault and Battery on LEO	1,334	76	218	124	1	222	3	1,978	2.0%
Assault/Battery, Other	374	18	55	25	0	21	0	493	0.5%
Aggravated Stalking	227	6	59	12	1	6	0	311	0.3%
Resisting Arrest with Violence	920	59	150	74	1	135	0	1,339	1.4%
Kidnapping	294	14	67	22	4	42	8	451	0.5%
Arson	167	5	58	13	2	15	0	260	0.3%
Abuse of Children	1,093	34	170	321	2	4	0	1,624	1.7%
Other Violent Offenses	2,597	36	226	75	8	66	0	3,008	3.1%
Leaving Accident, Injury/Death	387	13	85	23	1	1	0	510	0.5%
DUI Injury	140	13	62	1	1	0	0	217	0.2%

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Primary Offenses (cont'd) (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release		
<b>BURGLARY</b>	<b>5,859</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>1,382</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>9,122</b>	<b>9.4%</b>
Burglary, Structure	3,059	236	669	365	51	279	7	4,666	4.8%
Burglary, Dwelling	1,447	142	459	44	28	343	13	2,476	2.6%
Burglary, Armed	177	11	74	0	3	67	11	343	0.4%
Burglary with Assault	225	5	104	4	1	86	2	427	0.4%
Burglary/Trespass, Other	951	22	76	147	7	7	0	1,210	1.2%
<b>THEFT, FORGERY, FRAUD</b>	<b>17,608</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>2,489</b>	<b>2,983</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>24,434</b>	<b>25.2%</b>
Grand Theft, Other	7,067	319	943	1,503	26	76	2	9,936	10.3%
Grand Theft, Automobile	1,526	103	237	98	11	72	2	2,049	2.1%
Stolen Property	1,602	175	361	72	9	104	3	2,326	2.4%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2,723	165	410	416	12	29	1	3,756	3.9%
Worthless Checks	915	14	75	178	4	2	1	1,189	1.2%
Fraudulent Practices	2,656	109	320	677	9	22	1	3,794	3.9%
Theft/Property Damage, Other	1,119	65	143	39	6	12	0	1,384	1.4%
<b>DRUGS</b>	<b>13,256</b>	<b>8,419</b>	<b>4,222</b>	<b>4,142</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>702</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>30,969</b>	<b>32.0%</b>
Drugs, Manufacture/Sale/Purchase	4,229	2,411	1,560	534	100	534	15	9,383	9.7%
Drugs, Trafficking	404	82	195	2	34	29	2	748	0.8%
Drugs, Possession/Other	8,623	5,926	2,467	3,606	72	139	5	20,838	21.5%
<b>WEAPONS</b>	<b>1,318</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,980</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
Weapons, Discharging	310	15	72	18	1	17	0	433	0.4%
Weapons, Possession	989	57	199	115	11	150	1	1,522	1.6%
Weapons, Other	19	1	1	3	1	0	0	25	0.0%
<b>OTHER OFFENSES</b>	<b>7,764</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>1,342</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10,022</b>	<b>10.3%</b>
Escape	1,059	106	266	49	5	90	5	1,580	1.6%
DUI, No Injury	731	78	106	1	11	6	1	934	1.0%
Traffic, Other	3,954	178	780	20	4	14	2	4,952	5.1%
Racketeering	82	1	15	0	0	3	0	101	0.1%
Pollution/Hazardous Materials	116	1	6	23	0	0	0	146	0.2%
Other	1,822	143	169	146	11	18	0	2,309	2.4%
Data Unavailable	234	21	46	29	29	0	0	359	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Average Sentence Length for Community Supervision Admissions is Two Years

- The majority (68.0%) of those admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 are serving sentences of two years or less.
- The average sentence length for all those admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 is 2.4 years, compared to 2.5 years in FY 1995-96.
- Those admitted to parole in FY 2001-02 are serving an average sentence length of 8.3 years while those on pretrial intervention serve an average of 1.3 years.
- The average sentence length for parole has increased about six months over the last six years. In FY 1995-96, the average sentence length for those admitted to parole was 7.2 years, compared to 8.3 years this fiscal year.
- Over the past six years, the average sentence lengths of male and female community supervision admissions have remained similar. In FY 2001-02 male offenders were sentenced to an average of 2.4 years and women to 2.2 years, while six years ago men were sentenced to 2.5 years and women 2.3 years.

### Sentence Length (SUPERVISION ADMISSIONS FOR FY 2001-02)

Category	Original Sentence				Post-Prison Release			Total	Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Probation	Drug Offender Probation	Community Control	Pretrial Intervention	Parole	Conditional Release	Other Post-Prison Release			
1 Year or less	13,642	1,022	1,478	4,338	84	3,241	116	23,921	24.7%	24.7%
GT 1, LE 2 Yrs.*	25,410	6,585	4,879	4,446	139	456	5	41,920	43.3%	68.0%
GT 2, LE 3 Yrs.	11,083	2,342	2,587	82	101	219	2	16,416	16.9%	84.9%
GT 3, LE 4 Yrs.	2,357	400	1,281	8	57	160	1	4,264	4.4%	89.3%
GT 4, LE 5 Yrs.	4,631	401	1,354	10	46	112	2	6,556	6.8%	96.1%
GT 5, LE 6 Yrs.	371	27	295	1	25	75	0	794	0.8%	96.9%
GT 6, LE 7 Yrs.	219	16	203	0	16	48	0	502	0.5%	97.4%
GT 7, LE 8 Yrs.	196	10	40	0	18	28	0	292	0.3%	97.7%
GT 8, LE 9 Yrs.	55	1	39	0	15	28	0	138	0.1%	97.9%
GT 9, LE 10 Yrs.	983	31	140	0	17	12	0	1,183	1.2%	99.1%
GT 10, LE 12 Yrs.	97	2	101	1	11	20	0	232	0.2%	99.3%
GT 12, LE 15 Yrs.	270	9	59	0	20	21	1	380	0.4%	99.7%
GT 15, LE 20 Yrs.	66	0	15	0	15	13	1	110	0.1%	99.8%
GT 20, LE 30 Yrs.	47	0	9	0	15	3	2	76	0.1%	99.9%
GT 30, LE 40 Yrs.	3	0	2	0	4	0	0	9	0.0%	99.9%
GT 40, LE 50 Yrs.	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	8	0.0%	99.9%
GT 50 Yrs.	6	0	1	0	5	2	2	16	0.0%	99.9%
Life	20	0	2	0	39	0	1	62	0.1%	100.0%
Data Unavailable	248	23	50	29	41	14	0	405		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>59,706</b>	<b>10,869</b>	<b>12,535</b>	<b>8,915</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>97,284</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
Average**	2.5	2.2	3.0	1.3	8.3	1.3	2.2	2.4		
Median**	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	3.0	0.4	0.2	2.0		
Mode	GT1,LE2	GT1,LE2	GT1,LE2	GT1,LE2	GT1,LE2	LE1	LE1	GT1,LE2		

\* GT = greater than and LE = less than or equal to

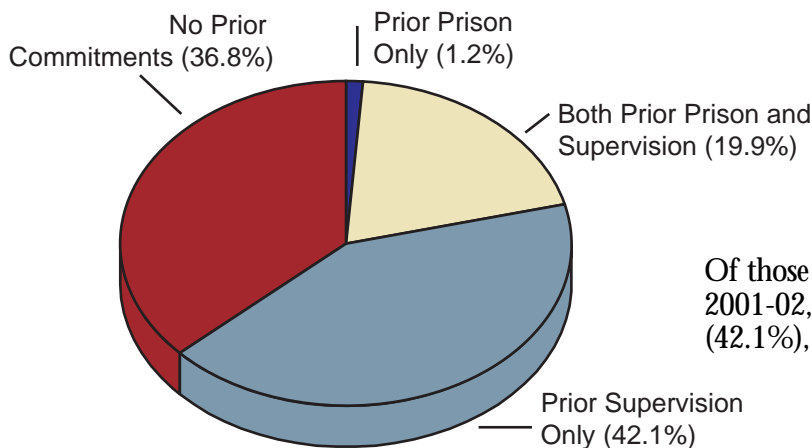
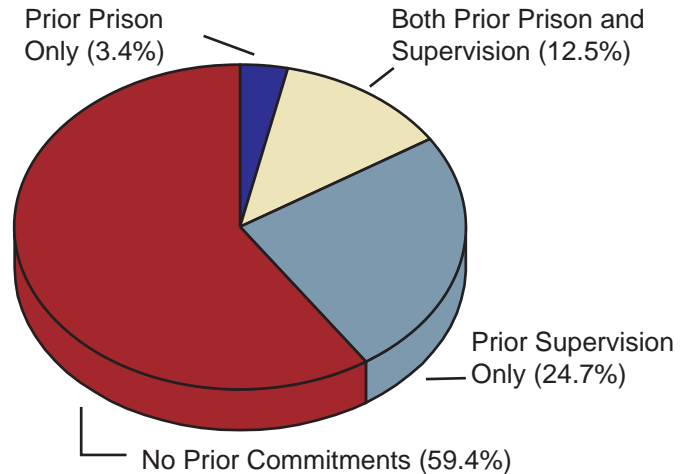
\*\*Sentence lengths of 50 years or longer, and life are coded as 50 years for calculations of averages.

# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Total Prior Commitments by Type of Supervision Supervision Admissions for FY 2001-02

### Probation: 59,706 admissions

More than half (59.4%) of those admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 and placed on felony probation had no prior commitments to either prison or supervision.

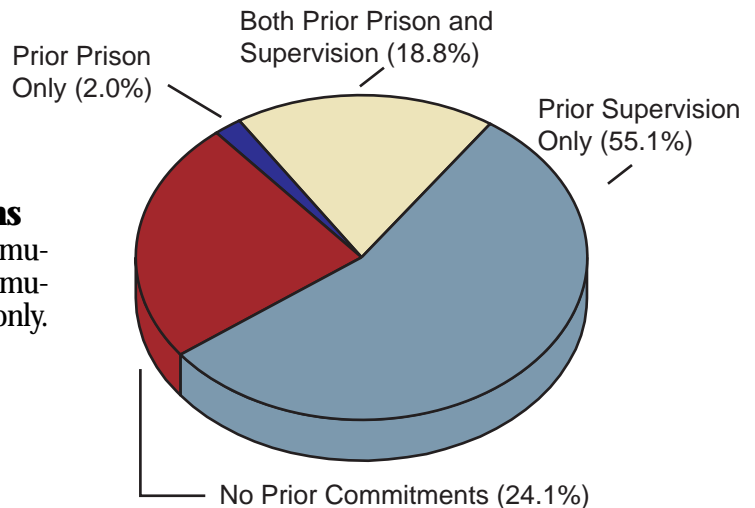


### Drug Offender Probation: 10,869 admissions

Of those admitted to Drug Offender probation in FY 2001-02, most had prior supervision commitments only (42.1%), followed by no prior commitments (36.8%).

### Community Control: 12,535 admissions

Over half (55.1%) of the offenders admitted to community supervision in FY 2001-02 and placed on community control had prior commitments to supervision only.



# COMMUNITY SUPERVISION/ADMISSIONS

## Probation Officers Who Supervise Sex Offenders and Predators Have Specialized Training

The Public Safety Information Act (PSIA), which became law on October 1, 1997, broadened public access to the records of sexual predators and sex offenders. An offender can be designated a sexual predator if he or she commits certain statutorily defined sex crimes that are first degree felonies or greater, or if he or she commits two or more second-degree or greater felony sex offenses within 10 years. In either case, the offense had to have been committed on or after October 1, 1993. An offender can be designated a sex offender if he or she has been convicted of certain sex crimes listed in Florida Statute 794, regardless of the date of offense. Both sexual predators and sex offenders are subject to registration and community notification. It should be noted that some of the sex offenders on supervision previously served state prison time for their offenses.

Sex offenders and sexual predators are supervised by probation officers with specialized training. Most of these offenders are subject to special conditions of supervision and they are supervised at a higher level than regular probation offenders. Some of these offenders are also subject to statutorily defined specific conditions of sex offender probation or sex offender community control. Some examples of special conditions may include offenders not being allowed to reside within 1,000 feet of a school, playground or daycare center, or offenders being required to submit to DNA testing, sex offender treatment, or counseling.

The table below shows that in FY 2001-02, more than one-fifth (20.3%) of all sexual predators and offenders admitted to community supervision were sentenced from judicial circuits 11 (Miami – 10.7%) or 4 (Jacksonville – 9.6%).

**FY 2001-02 Sex Offenders (PSIA & Sexual Predators)**  
Admitted to Community Supervision

Circuit	Male	Female	Total	Percent
1 Pensacola	145	3	148	5.3%
2 Tallahassee	94	2	96	3.4%
3 Lake City	56	3	59	2.1%
4 Jacksonville	256	10	266	9.6%
5 Tavares	159	9	168	6.0%
6 Clearwater	224	6	230	8.3%
7 Daytona Beach	131	2	133	4.8%
8 Gainesville	103	2	105	3.8%
9 Orlando	199	6	205	7.4%
10 Bartow	112	3	115	4.1%
11 Miami	295	3	298	10.7%
12 Sarasota	121	3	124	4.5%
13 Tampa	187	2	189	6.8%
14 Panama City	86	3	89	3.2%
15 West Palm Beach	95	4	99	3.6%
16 Key West	16	0	16	0.6%
17 Ft. Lauderdale	140	1	141	5.1%
18 Sanford	123	6	129	4.6%
19 Ft. Pierce	66	1	67	2.4%
20 Ft. Myers	101	6	107	3.8%
Data Unavailable	1	0	1	0.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,710</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>2,785</b>	<b>100.0%</b>